

## UTTARAKHAND OPEN UNIVERSITY, HALDWANI (NAINITAL)

## MCA-11 3<sup>rd</sup> YEAR 5<sup>th</sup> SEMESTER ASSIGNMENT

Last Date of Submission: 15 Jan., 2015

Course Title: Formal Languages and Automata	Course Code: MCA-18
Year: 2014-15 Summer	Maximum Marks: 40

Section 'A' contains 08 short answer type questions of 5 marks each. Learners are required to answers 4 questions only. Answers of short answer-type questions must be restricted to 250 words approximately.

- 1. Prove that  $(xy)^{R} = y^{R}x^{R}$ , for all x,  $y \in \Sigma^{*}$
- 2. Explain the use of finite automata with the help of an example.
- 3. Explain the use of regular expression.
- 4. What is a difference between DFA and NFA?
- 5. Define context free language.
- 6. When do you say that a Turing machine is accepting a string?
- 7. Give formal definition of PDA.
- 8. Construct an NFA equivalent to the regular expression

10+(0+11)0\*1

Section 'B' contains 04 long answer-type questions of 10 marks each. Learners are required to answers 02 questions only.

- 1. Explain how we can convert a NFA to DFA.
- 2. Design CFG for the following  $(O^{\mathbb{R}})^{\mathbb{R}} \to O^{\mathbb{R}}$ 
  - a)  $\{0^n 1^n n > 0\}$ b)  $\{a^n b^{2n} n > 0\}$

3. What is Push Down Automata(PDA)? Explain how context free language is accepted by PDA?

4. Design DFA and NFA to recognize the following set of strings abb, abaa,  $ab^*$ ,  $a^*b$  assuming that  $\Sigma = \{a,b\}$